

## Applications

The networked TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controllers are stand-alone and field-selectable BACnet® MS/TP or N2 networked devices. Wireless networked models of the TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controller are also available. On/Off or Floating Fan Coil and Individual Zone Thermostat Controllers provide control of the following:

- Local hydronic reheat valves
- Pressure-dependent variable air volume (VAV) equipment with or without local reheat
- Two- or four-pipe fan coils
- Cabinet unit heaters
- Other individual zone equipment using an on/off or floating control input

The networked models feature a field-selectable Building Automation System (BAS) BACnet MS/TP or N2 communication capability that enables remote monitoring and programming for efficient space temperature control. The wireless models are compatible with the WNC1800/ZFR182x Pro Series Wireless Field Bus System that enables communication with a building automation system (BAS). All models include a USB port configuration that reduces installation time by allowing simple backup and restore features from a USB drive, which enables rapid cloning of configuration between like units.

Some models feature built-in occupancy sensing capability. These thermostat controllers maximize up to 30% energy savings in high-energy usage commercial buildings, such as schools and hotels, during occupied times by using additional standby setpoints.

All models feature an intuitive onboard touchscreen UI with backlit display that makes setup and operation quick and easy. Multiple fan configurations are supported for fan coil equipment types, as follows:

- Single-speed
- Multi-speed (two or three discrete speeds)
- Variable-speed/EC motors (0 to 10 VDC control)

Some models support dehumidification on two-pipe fan coil units with reheat, and four-pipe fan coil units with or without reheat. When no heating is required, the thermostat controller monitors space humidity and activates dehumidification control as necessary. Heat and/or reheat is used as required to maintain the space temperature. For optimal dehumidification performance, use a fan coil unit that has a multi-speed or variable-speed fan (VSF).

- **Important:** The TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controller is intended to provide an input to equipment under normal operating conditions. Where failure or malfunction of the thermostat controller could lead to personal injury or property damage to the controlled equipment or other property, additional precautions must be designed into the control system. Incorporate and maintain other devices, such as supervisory or alarm systems or safety or limit controls, intended to warn of or protect against failure or malfunction of the thermostat controller.

- **Important:** Le TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controller est destiné à transmettre des données entrantes à un équipement dans des conditions normales de fonctionnement. Lorsqu'une défaillance ou un dysfonctionnement du thermostat controller risque de provoquer des blessures ou d'endommager l'équipement contrôlé ou un autre équipement, la conception du système de contrôle doit intégrer des dispositifs de protection supplémentaires. Veiller dans ce cas à intégrer de façon permanente d'autres dispositifs, tels que des systèmes de supervision ou d'alarme, ou des dispositifs de sécurité ou de limitation, ayant une fonction d'avertissement ou de protection en cas de défaillance ou de dysfonctionnement du thermostat controller.

## North American emissions compliance

### United States

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

### Canada

This Class (B) digital apparatus meets all the requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la Classe (B) respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

## Installation

### Parts included

- One TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controller with integral mounting base
- One installation guide



## Location considerations

For networked models, locate the TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controller:

- On a partitioning wall, approximately 5 ft (1.5 m) above the floor in a location of average temperature, allowing for vertical air circulation to the TEC
- Away from direct sunlight, radiant heat, outside walls, outside doors, air discharge grills, stairwells, and from behind doors
- Away from steam or water pipes, warm air stacks, unconditioned areas (not heated or cooled), or sources of electrical interference
- In a clear path between the integrated passive infrared (PIR) occupancy sensor (if equipped) and the space being monitored

For wireless models, also locate the thermostat controller:

- Outside of a recessed area, metal enclosure, or shelving unit
- On the same building level as the other wireless devices on the same personal area network (PAN)
- At least 2 in. (51 mm) away from any metal obstruction
- In the direct line of sight to other wireless devices on the same PAN. Signal transmission is best if the path between the TEC3000 and other wireless devices is direct as possible. Line of sight is desirable but not required. See Table 1 for recommended and maximum distances.
- Away from metal and large solid obstructions (including equipment rooms and elevator shafts and concrete or brick walls) between the TEC3000 and the ZFR Pro Router/Repeater or ZFR Pro Coordinator Radio
- Within range of two or more wireless devices on the same PAN. Redundancy in the layout provides the best reliability in wireless installations
- At least 20 ft (6 m) from a microwave oven

For integrated PIR models, be sure that the thermostat controller is located centrally, where occupant movement is frequent. Ensure that the unit is not blocked by a plastic tamper resistant enclosure (such as the GRD10A-608). The plastic enclosure blocks the occupancy sensing capability.

The use of insulating foam pads is required for installations where wiring passes through the wall to the thermostat.

For wireless models, the effective transmission range and distance for indoor applications vary because of wireless signal absorption and reflection due to metal obstructions, walls or floors, and furniture found in typical building interiors.

**Table 1: Indoor line-of-sight transmission ranges**

Range type	Transmission distance	
	WNC Coordinator Radio, ZFR Pro Repeater	TEC3000 Wireless Thermostat Controller
Recommended	50 ft (15.2 m)	50 ft (15.2 m)
Line of sight, maximum	250 ft (76.2 m)	100 ft (30 m)

**Note:**

- Allow for sufficient clearance to insert a USB drive into the USB port

- For more details on using ZFR Pro Series communication devices, refer to the *WNC1800/ZFR182x Pro Series Wireless Field Bus System Technical Bulletin (LIT-12012356)*.

► **Important:** Only connect memory devices to the USB port. Do not use it for charging external devices.

Figure 1: Thermostat controller shown without occupancy sensor, dimensions, in. (mm)

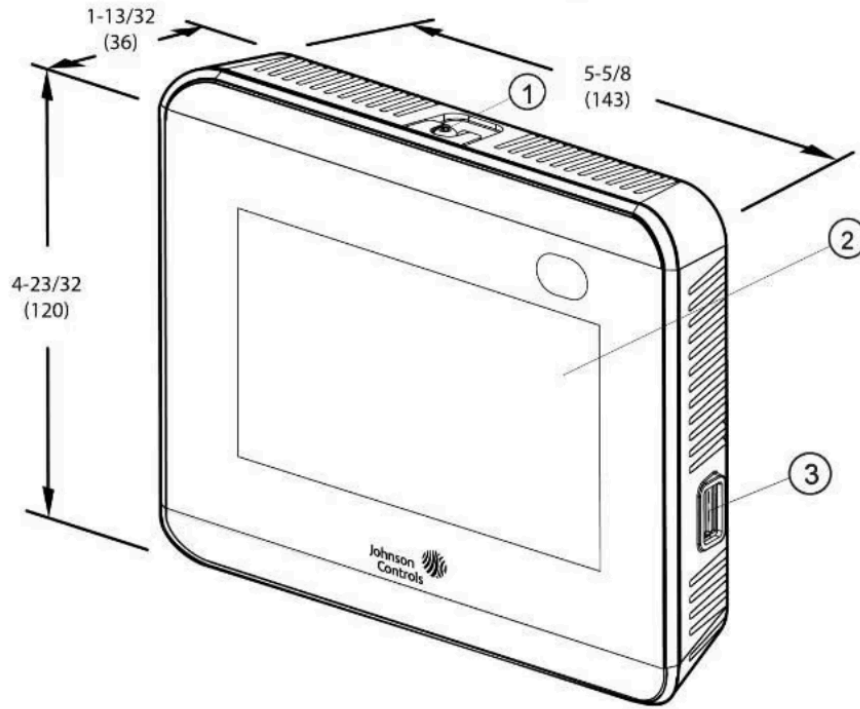


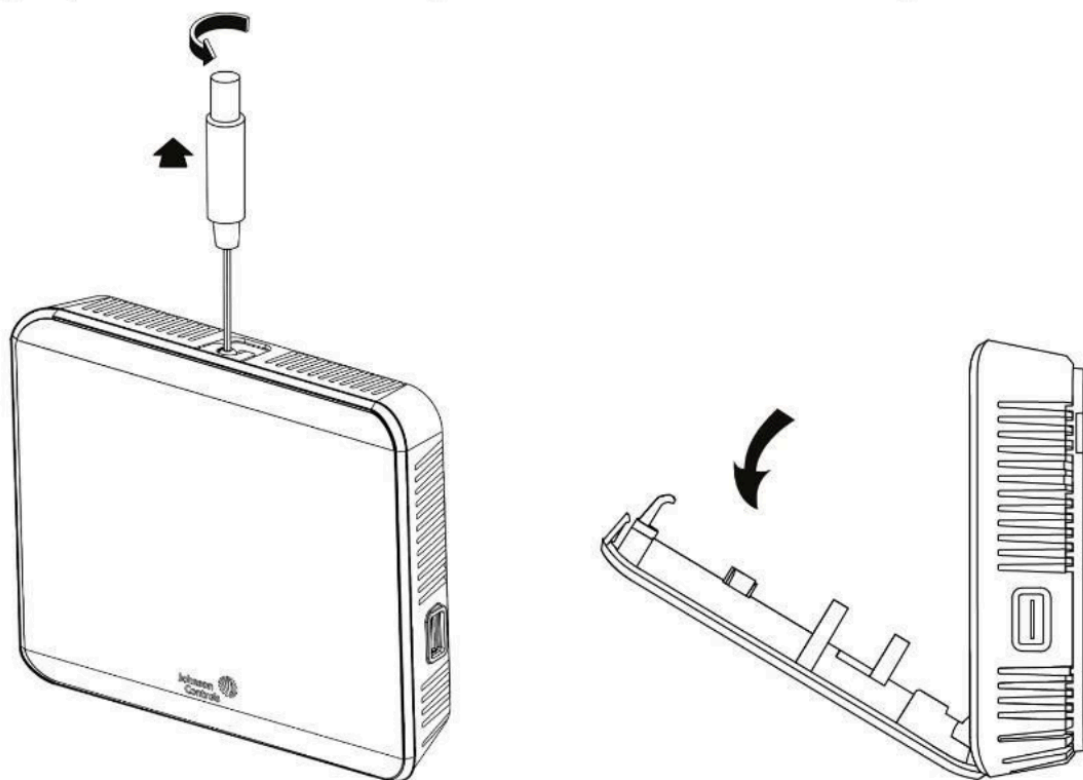
Table 2: Thermostat controller features

Callout	Description
1	Security Screw
2	Display
3	USB Port

## Installing the thermostat controller

1. Use a 1/16 in. (1.5 mm) Allen wrench or Johnson Controls® T-4000-119 Allen-Head Adjustment Tool (order separately) to remove the security screw if it is installed on the top of the thermostat controller cover as illustrated in Figure 2.
  2. Pull the top edge of the cover and open the thermostat controller as illustrated in Figure 2.
- **Important:** The cover is not secured on the bottom. Be careful not to drop the cover.
- **Important:** If you install more than one thermostat controller, keep track of which cover attaches to which base. The controller version and the base version must match to ensure proper operation.
- **Important:** Use proper Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) precautions during installation and servicing to avoid damage to the electronic circuits of the thermostat controller.

Figure 2: Removing the security screw from the thermostat controller cover (shown without occupancy sensor) (left) and removing the thermostat controller cover (right)



3. Align the thermostat controller mounting base on the wall with the security screw on the top and use the base as a template to mark the two mounting hole locations. See Figure 3.

① **Note:**

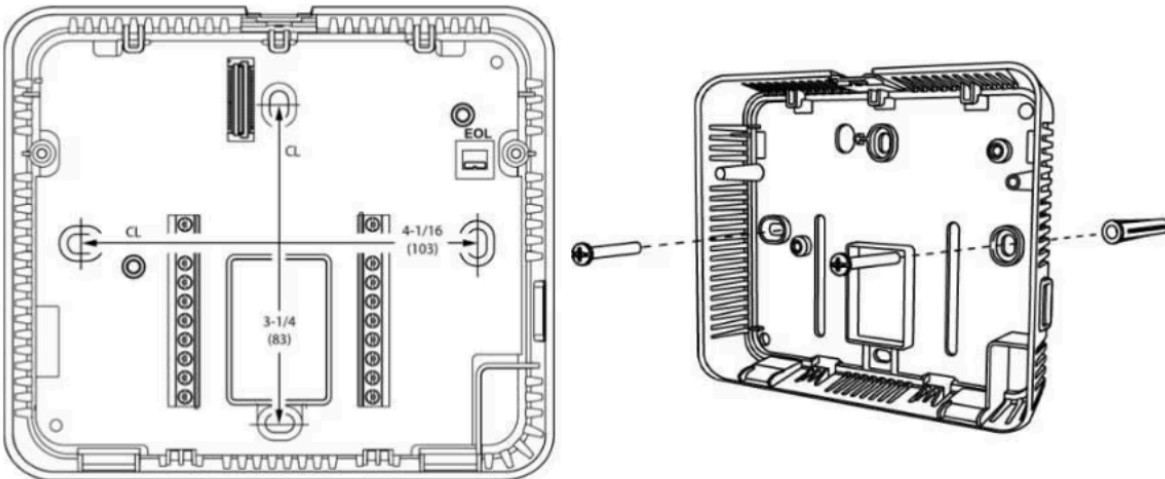
- If you need to install the thermostat controller on an electrical junction box, use 2-1/2 in. x 4 in. (63 mm x 101 mm) square boxes with mud ring covers and avoid smaller 1-1/2 in. x 4 in. (38 mm x 101 mm) square or 3 in. x 2 in. (76 mm x 51 mm) boxes. This procedure ensures that you have enough space for cabling, if needed.
- For surface-mounted applications, use durable mounting hardware, such as wall anchors, that cannot be easily pulled out of the mounting surface.

4. Pull approximately 6 in. (152 mm) of wire from the wall and insert the wire through the center hole in the thermostat controller mounting base. See Figure 3.
5. Secure the mounting base to the wall surface using two mounting screws (user supplied) as illustrated in Figure 3.

① **Note:** Be careful not to overtighten the mounting screws.

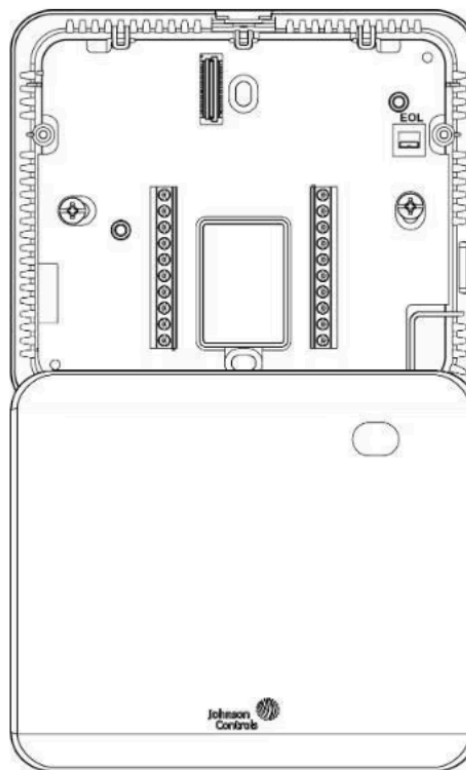


**Figure 3: Mounting hole locations, dimensions, in. (mm) (left) and securing the thermostat controller mounting base to the wall (right)**



- ① **Note:** When the unit is mounted on the wall, you can hang the front cover on the end of the back cover as illustrated in Figure 4.

**Figure 4: Hanging the thermostat controller front cover**



## Wiring

### About this task:

When an existing thermostat controller is replaced, remove and label the wires to identify the terminal functions.

## CAUTION

### **Risk of Electric Shock**

Disconnect the power supply before making electrical connections to avoid electric shock.

## ATTENTION

### **Risque de décharge électrique**

Débrancher l'alimentation avant de réaliser tout raccordement électrique afin d'éviter tout risque de décharge électrique.

## NOTICE

### **Risk of Property Damage**

Do not apply power to the system before checking all wiring connections. Short circuited or improperly connected wires may result in permanent damage to the equipment.

## AVIS

### **Risque de dégâts matériels**

Ne pas mettre le système sous tension avant d'avoir vérifié tous les raccords de câblage. Des fils formant un court-circuit ou connectés de façon incorrecte risquent d'endommager irrémédiablement l'équipement.

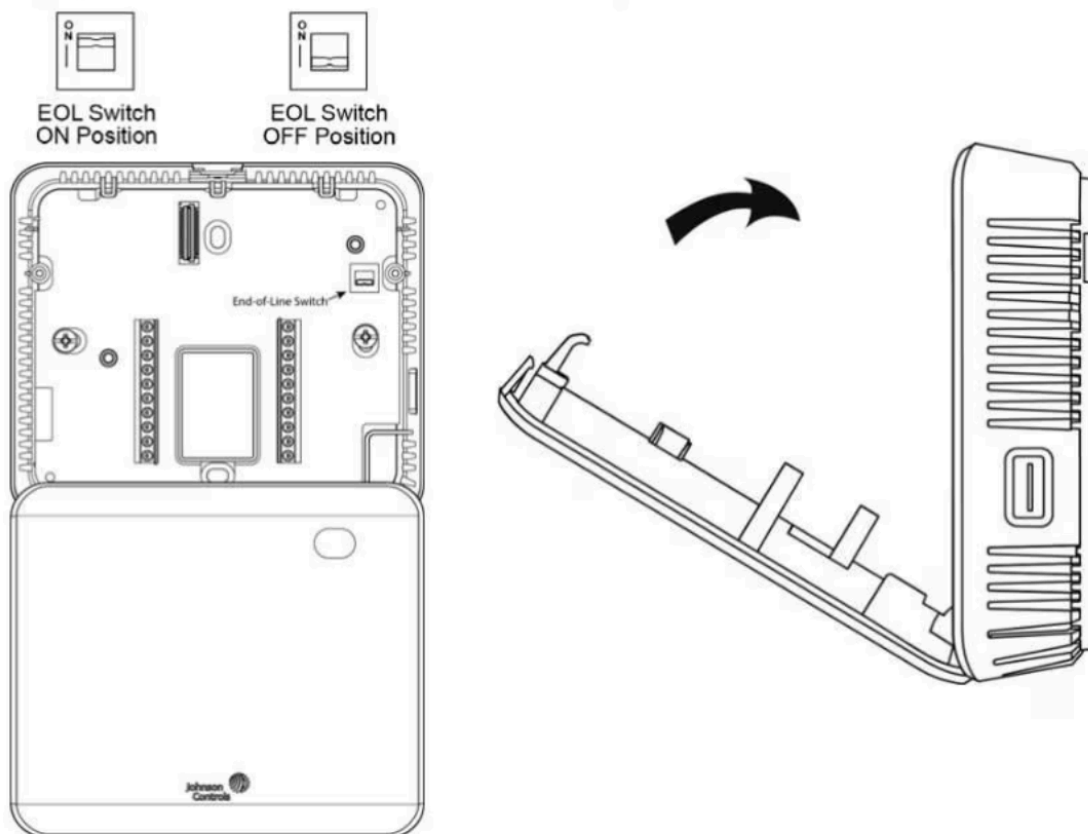
- **Important:** Make all wiring connections in accordance with local, national, and regional regulations. Do not exceed the electrical ratings of the TEC3000 Series Thermostat Controller.
- **Important:** Use proper ESD precautions during installation and servicing to avoid damage to the electronic circuits of the thermostat controller.

To wire the thermostat controller, complete the following steps:

1. Strip the ends of each wire 1/4 in. (6 mm) and connect them to the appropriate screw terminals as indicated in Table 4.
  - ① **Note:** For more details on wiring the MS/TP Communications Bus, refer to the *MS/TP Communications Bus Technical Bulletin (LIT-12011034)*.
2. Attach the communication wires to the terminal block.
  - ① **Note:** If you insert multiple wires into the terminals, properly twist the wires together before inserting them into the terminal connectors.
3. Carefully push any excess wire back into the wall.

- ① **Note:** Seal the hole in the wall with fireproof material to prevent drafts from affecting the ambient temperature readings.
4. For networked models, set the bus end-of-line (EOL) termination switch to the desired location. The bus EOL termination switch allows you to designate the thermostat controller as the end of the Field Controller (FC) Bus and N2 Bus. The default position is OFF. If the thermostat controller is at the end of a daisy chain of devices on the FC Bus and N2 Bus, set the EOL switch to the ON position.

Figure 5: EOL switch position (left) and installing the thermostat controller cover (right)



5. Reattach the thermostat controller cover to the mounting base (bottom side first).
- **Important:** Make sure you reattach the cover that corresponds to its correct base. The CPU board number needs to match the base board number. Otherwise, an operation error occurs after you reattach a cover and base that do not belong together (as shown in the following figure). See the following table for TEC3000 model names and code numbers.


















































**Table 5: Touchscreen icons**

Icon	Icon name	Description
	Occupancy Status	Adjusts the occupancy between Unoccupied, Occupied, Temporarily Occupied, Standby, Occupancy Override, Unoccupancy Override.
	Unoccupied	
	Occupied	
	Temporarily Occupied	
	Standby	
	Override - Occupied	
	Override - Unoccupied	
		
		
	Back	Moves the display to the previous screen.
	Forward	Moves the display to the next screen.
	Home	Returns the display to the main home screen.
	Save	Saves the current configuration and parameter settings.
	Delete	Deletes the scheduled event.
	Clear	Clears the password entry on the keypad screen.
	Exclamation point	Indicates that an error has occurred.

## User lockout

You can select from three different levels of access at the local display to manage functionality through the supervisory controller. This lockout is independent of any display or passcode settings. The existing temporary occupancy capability is unaffected by this feature. User lockout hides the icons that are not operable. The following table describes the lockout levels.

**Table 6: User lockout levels**

Lockout level	Capability
State 0	Allows full access to Home Screen Display Adjustments and icons (default).
State 1	Hides the <b>Menu</b> icon.
State 2	Only allows the screen to trigger temporary occupancy. Menu, Unit Power, the Up and Down arrows, and Run/Hold are hidden.

## Using the USB port

You can quickly and easily load firmware upgrades, back up the current settings, and restore settings to the TEC3000 through the USB port with a USB drive. The TEC3000 can recognize eight configuration files or firmware package files. The USB drive format must be FAT or FAT32. The drive cannot be NTFS format or USB 3.0. If you upgrade the firmware or copy configuration files, you need the passcode if one is set up. Do not remove the USB drive until the firmware upgrade is complete. The TEC3000 may restart and go offline to the NAE after a firmware upgrade. The upgrade takes approximately three minutes.

Configurations are copied, except for the Communication mode. See [Choosing the Communication mode \(TEC3612 and TEC3613 Models\)](#) to configure the networked devices.

### Loading the firmware

1. Ensure that the TEC screen is on.
2. Insert the USB drive into the right side of the TEC. See Figure 1 for the USB port location.
3. Press the **Menu** icon.
4. Scroll down the menu and press **Update**.
5. Press **Load Firmware**.
6. Select the correct firmware version. The correct file name has the .pkg extension.
7. Press **Confirm** if you have the correct firmware version. The firmware is loaded from the USB drive into the TEC3000 operating system. The TEC3000 locates the new firmware only if the new firmware is on the root drive of the USB drive. See Table 15 if the firmware is not loaded correctly.
8. Remove the USB drive from the TEC3000 controller when the update is complete. The TEC3000 firmware update is complete when the TEC3000 restarts and returns to the home screen.

### Backing up the settings

#### About this task:

① **Note:** When you back up the settings, the network settings are not backed up or restored.

1. Ensure that the TEC screen is on.
2. Insert the USB drive into the right side of the TEC. See Figure 1 for the USB port location.
3. Press the **Menu** icon.
4. Scroll down the menu and press **Update**.
5. Press **Backup**. A message appears stating that the file is saved locally and on a USB drive.

6. Press **Confirm to save locally and on USB**. The setting files are named based on the TEC3000 model name, date, and time stamp (for example, TEC3x1x-00\_2018-07-01T1). The files are saved locally and on the USB drive's root directory. See Table 15 if the settings are not backed up correctly.
7. After the settings are saved onto the USB drive, remove the USB drive from the TEC3000.

## Restoring the settings

### About this task:

If the TEC3000 is connected to a network (for example, MSTP or wireless), you must manually set or verify the BACnet® Instance ID and BACnet Address, or both, in the Network Setup page after the restore so they do not conflict with other devices on the same network.

1. Ensure that the TEC screen is on.
2. Insert the USB drive into the right side of the TEC. See Figure 1 for the USB port location.
3. Press the **Menu** icon.
4. Press **Update**.
5. Press **Restore**.
6. Select Local Storage or the correct configuration file created from a previous backup operation. The setting files are named based on the TEC3000 model name, date, and time stamp (for example, TEC3x1x-00\_2018-07-01T1). The files are saved locally and on the USB drive's root directory.
7. Press **Confirm** if you have the correct file name. The settings are loaded from the USB drive.
8. After the settings are loaded from the USB drive, remove the USB drive from the TEC3000.

## Choosing the Communication mode (TEC3612 and TEC3613 Models)

1. Ensure the TEC screen is on.
2. Press the **Menu** icon.
3. Press **Setup**.
4. Press **Network Setup**.
5. Press **FC Comm Mode**.
6. Select BACnet or N2 by pressing the up and down arrows.
7. Proceed to Step 8 to perform BACnet communication and Step 16 to perform N2 communication.
8. Press the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
9. Press **BACnet Instance ID**.
10. Enter the unique BACnet® instance ID using the keypad. This value should be different to the other controllers on the site.
11. Press **Save**.
12. Press the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
13. Press **BACnet Address**.
14. Enter the BACnet MS/TP address through the keypad.
15. Press **Save**.
16. After selecting N2 in Step 6, press **Save**.
17. Press the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
18. Press **N2 Address**.
19. Enter the N2 address through the keypad.

20. Press **Save**.

## Configuring the network settings for wireless models

1. Ensure the TEC screen is on.
2. Press the **Menu** icon.
3. Press **Setup**.
4. Press **Network Setup**.
5. Press **FC Comm Mode** and the Wireless Field Bus appears. This setting cannot be changed.
6. Press the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
7. Press **BACnet Instance ID**.
8. Enter the BACnet® instance ID using the keypad. This value should be different to the other controllers on the site.
9. Press **Save**.
10. Press the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
11. Press **BACnet Address**.
12. Enter the BACnet address using the keypad. This value should be different to the other controllers on the PAN.
13. Press **Save**.
14. Press the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
15. Press **PAN ID**.
16. Enter the PAN ID using the keypad. This value needs to be the same as set in the associated ZFR Pro Coordinator Radio. Once the PAN is set, the TEC attempts to connect to the wireless network. Provided that other devices on the PAN are in radio range, the connection should occur within one minute. It can then take up to 10 minutes for the WNC gateway to display that the device is online.
17. Press **Save**.

## Configuring the thermostat controller

Use the Menu icon on the home screen to access and change the basic operating parameters of the thermostat controller. During normal operation, press the **Menu** icon once to access the following parameters:

- Fault Status
- Setpoints
- Schedule
- Display Settings
- Setup
- Trend
- Status
- Update



## Installer configuration menu

The thermostat controller comes from the factory with default settings for all configuration parameters. The UI menu navigation and default settings are shown in Table 13. Before any outputs turn on, the controller must be configured for the equipment connected. You need to start from the home screen to perform any of the following tasks.

### Screen reset

The current screen returns to the home screen and turns off if the current screen is not touched for 3 minutes. Touch the screen to turn it on again. To disable the screensaving option, press **Display Settings** and set **Enable Display Timeout** to **No**.

## Selecting the unit type

### About this task:

The following three unit types are available:

- **Four-pipe**—This unit type has both heating and cooling coils plus a supply fan. This configuration can also be used on configurations that are heating or cooling only.
- **Two-pipe**—This unit type has a single set of pipes that can serve hot or chilled water plus a supply fan. The Supply Temp Type allows for the connection of an analog sensor or an aquastat to a binary input. Based on the water temperature or aquastat state, the unit controls heating or cooling.
- **VAV**—This unit type is designed for a pressure-dependent zone damper and the supply fan outputs are disabled. The TEC senses the supply air temperature coming from the unit. The Supply Temp Type setting allows for the connection of an analog sensor or binary duct thermostat. Based on the air temperature or duct thermostat state, the zone damper controls for heating or cooling. The TEC does not control the unit delivering the air. The logic needs to be part of another controller.

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
  2. Press **Setup**.
  3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
  4. Press **General**.
  5. Press **Unit Type** and select **2-pipe**, **4-pipe**, or **VAV**.
  6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.
- ① **Note:** Selecting VAV reboots the controller in order to apply the change.

## Selecting the heating and cooling device type

### About this task:

By default, the thermostat is configured for On-Off (2-position) control. This can be changed to Floating (Incremental) mode when the Unit Type is not set to VAV. For VAV mode, only floating actuators are supported and this option is unavailable. To change the Heating/Cooling Device Type:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **General**.



5. Press **Htg/Clg Device Type** and select **On-Off** or **Floating**. Changing this option reboots the controller in order to apply the change.
6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

When in Floating mode, the Actuator Stroke Time must also be set to match the equipment. To set the actuator stroke time:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **General**.
5. Press **Actuator Stroke Time** and adjust accordingly.
6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## Configuring the supply fan - fan coil only

### About this task:

Two-pipe or four-pipe fan coil units support three different types of supply fans: single-speed fans, multi-speed fans (up to three discrete speeds), and VSF using a 0 to 10 V control signal and an optional binary on/off command. Note that fan control is not available when in VAV mode. To select the fan type:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **Supply Fan**.
5. Press **Supply Fan Type** and select **Single Speed**, **Multi-Speed**, or **Variable Speed**.
6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

For multi-speed fan control, you can adjust the point when the medium or high speed turns on. The fan speed is based on the load of the cooling/heating device, and is a percentage between 0 and 100. By default, the Med Speed On Cmd is 33% and the High Speed On Cmd is 66%. When only two fan speeds are used, you must set the High Speed On Cmd to 100% to disable the third speed. To adjust these values:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **Supply Fan**.
5. Press **Medium Speed On Cmd** and adjust accordingly.
6. Press **High Speed On Cmd** and adjust accordingly.
7. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

For VSF control, the output is configurable for any range between 0 V and 10 V. The parameters are Start Voltage, Full Speed Voltage, and Minimum Command. Start Voltage is the voltage output at which the fan begins running, and Full Speed Voltage is the voltage output at which the fan reaches full speed. Minimum Command is the percentage of the range between the Start Voltage and the Full Speed Voltage. The fan does not go below the minimum command when the fan is turned on. By default, the Start Voltage is 2 V, the Full Speed Voltage is 10 V, and the Minimum Command is 20%.

When the variable speed fan is off, the FAN L binary output is off and the voltage at the VSF output is 0 V. When the fan turns on, the FAN L binary output turns on and the voltage at the VSF output begins controlling the fan. When the VSF is configured for reverse acting mode, when the Start Voltage is above Full Speed Voltage, the VSF output is set to 10 V or the Start Voltage minus 1 V, whichever value is the lesser, when the fan is turned off.

To configure the variable speed parameters:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **Supply Fan**.
5. Press **Start Voltage** and adjust accordingly.
6. Press **Full Speed Voltage** and adjust accordingly.
7. Press **Minimum Command** and adjust accordingly.
8. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## Setting the Control mode

### About this task:

The Control Mode informs the controller to run in Cooling only, Heating only, or Automatic mode, based on the temperature in the zone relative to the heating and cooling setpoints. Control Mode does not override equipment lockouts or changeover. To set the Control Mode:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **General Control Setup**.
4. Press **Control Mode** and select **Cooling**, **Heating**, or **Auto** as desired.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## Setting the Fan mode - fan coil only

### About this task:

The Fan Mode informs the controller how to handle the fan. The two options for fan configuration are: a Fan Mode available to the installer through the menu system, and a fan override available as an option to the end user from the Fan icon on the home screen. See [Customizing the home screen](#) for information on enabling and disabling end-user controls. The Fan Mode available to the installer is dependent on the fan type. The following options are provided for single- and variable-speed fans:

- On—Fan is continuously on
- Auto—Fan cycles on demand with the controller entering cooling, heating, or dehumidification modes
- Smart—Fan cycles on demand with the controller entering cooling or heating modes during unoccupied periods but is continuously running during occupied and standby periods

The following Fan Mode options are provided for multi-speed fans:

- Low—Fan is continuously on low
- Medium—Fan is continuously on medium
- High—Fan is continuously on high
- Auto—Fan cycles on demand with the controller entering cooling, heating, or dehumidification modes
- Smart—Fan cycles on demand with the controller entering cooling or heating modes during unoccupied periods but is continuously running during occupied and standby periods

The Fan Override icon on the home screen is dependent on the fan type. The following options are provided for single- and variable-speed fans:

- On—Overrides the fan to be continuously on
- Auto—Follows the behavior set as Fan Mode
- Quiet—Follows the behavior set as Fan Mode, but prevents the fan from ever going above minimum speed. The Quiet option has no effect on equipment with single-speed fans.

The following Fan Override options are provided for multi-speed fans:

- Low—Fan is continuously on low
- Medium—Fan is continuously on medium
- High—Fan is continuously on high
- Auto—Follows the behavior set as Fan Mode
- Quiet—Follows the behavior set as Fan Mode, but prevents the fan from ever going above minimum speed

To set the Fan Mode:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **General Control Setup**.
4. Press **Fan Mode** and select **On**, **Auto**, or **Smart**.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## Configuring the zone space or equipment size - units configured with floating actuators, multi-speed fans, and variable-speed fans only

### About this task:

With non-binary outputs, the TEC3000 is configured by default to have a slower temperature response for larger zones with normal-sized equipment. In installations with small zones and oversized equipment, set the Equipment Size parameter to Oversized.

To set the Equipment Size parameter:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Control Setup**.
3. Press **Tuning**.



4. Use the up and down arrows to navigate to **Equipment Size**.
5. Press **Equipment Setup** and select **Oversized**.
6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## Changeover

### About this task:

Pressure-Dependent VAV systems and two-pipe fan coils require changeover detection in order to switch seasonal operation between heating and cooling modes. The TEC supports the following methods for changeover: automatic changeover using an analog sensor (thermistor), automatic changeover using a binary switch, or remote changeover from a BAS and manual changeover. For automatic changeover, a supply temperature sensor or switch must be connected to the Changeover Sensor (COS) input of the TEC. Changeover Mode must be set to Auto, and Supply Temp Type must be set for Analog Sensor, Cooling N.C. (cooling when switch is closed), or Heating N.C. (heating when switch is closed). When an analog sensor is used, the changeover setpoint can be adjusted. The changeover logic applies a 10-degree Fahrenheit differential to the setpoint. The system switches to cooling mode when the temperature drops below the changeover setpoint and remains in cooling mode until the measured temperature has risen 10 degrees above the changeover setpoint.

To configure automatic changeover:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **Changeover**.
5. Press **Changeover Mode** and select **Auto**.
6. Press **Supply Temp Type** and select **Analog Sensor**, **Cooling N.C.**, or **Heating N.C.**
7. If using an Analog Supply Temp Sensor, press **Supply Temp Type** and adjust accordingly.
8. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

Additionally, the thermostat controller supports manual changeover. To configure manual changeover:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **Equipment Setup**.
4. Press **Changeover**.
5. Press **Changeover Mode** and select **Heating** or **Cooling**.
6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

You need to ensure that the Supply Temp type is set to Analog Sensor. The Changeover Mode is also exposed to the BAS through the CGOVR-MODE and can be commanded from the BAS.

On two-pipe or VAV systems without an automatic changeover, or on four-pipe systems, you can use RSEN or COS as a monitor-only point for reading an analog sensor. By setting the controller in four-pipe mode, or selecting Heating or Cooling for Changeover Mode, the controller defaults to monitor-only mode for RSEN or COS and exposes the value to the network as the supply temperature.

## Dehumidification control - fan coil only

### About this task:

The TEC3000 controller support dehumidification control on fan coil devices under three configurations:

- Four-pipe fan coil
- Four-pipe fan coil with reheat
- Two-pipe fan coil (with changeover in cooling mode) with reheat

For optimal dehumidification performance, a 4-pipe unit with floating/incremental or 0 to 10 V control and a multi-speed or variable-speed fan is recommended.

Dehumidification operates when the zone humidity increases above the zone humidity setpoint and the controller is in the Idle or Cooling state. Dehumidification does not operate during heating and stops if the zone temperature drops below the heating setpoint. When dehumidification is active, the cooling device controls to the humidity setpoint, and the heating device reheats the zone in order to keep the temperature at the cooling setpoint. While in the dehumidification mode, a multi-speed or variable-speed fan runs at the lowest possible speed to maximize condensation and moisture removal across the cooling coil.

To enable dehumidification control:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **General Control Setup**.
4. Press **Dehum Enable** and select **Yes**.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

This point is also exposed to the BAS through the point DEHUM-EN.

To adjust the dehumidification setpoint:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setpoints**.
3. Press **Dehumidification** and adjust accordingly.
4. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

This point is also exposed to the BAS through the point DEHUM-SP.

## Temperature setpoints

### About this task:

The thermostat controller provides a flexible setpoint configuration to give power to the building owner while being easy to use by the occupant. In addition to a simple up/down offset adjustment on the home screen for the occupant, the TEC features six temperature setpoints. The six temperature setpoints are Cooling and Heating setpoints for Occupied, Unoccupied, and Standby modes. To set these setpoints, complete the following steps:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setpoints**.
3. Select the setpoint to adjust and change as desired.
4. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.



- ① **Note:** The TEC enforces a 2-degree deadband between heating and cooling setpoints. If a setpoint violates this standard (for example, cooling setpoint is set to 70 with a heating setpoint already set to 70), the opposing setpoint is modified to comply with this deadband (in the previous example, the heating setpoint would automatically change to 68).

The occupant has access to an up/down adjustment from the home screen. This adjustment applies a fixed offset (+/-) to the currently active setpoint, and this offset holds until the occupancy state of the controller changes. If the user taps the setpoint on the home screen, the icon inverts and displays white text on a black icon. The offset is held throughout all occupancy periods. For example, if the TEC is cooling in Occupied mode to an occupied cooling setpoint of 72 and you raise the setpoint 2 degrees to 74 from the home screen and then select **hold**, then the +2 degree offset persists through an occupancy change. If the occupancy then changes to unoccupied, with a setpoint of 80 degrees, the effective setpoint is 82 degrees. This allows the occupant to have a small amount of control over raising or lowering the temperature, but the building owner can still set back setpoints during standby and unoccupied periods. When the setpoint is in Hold mode, pressing the icon again releases the hold and immediately sets the setpoint offset back to 0.

When the TEC is in Min/Max mode (Setpoints/Occ Setpoint Select are equal to Min and Max Setpoint), the TEC rejects any attempts to change the present value outside of the valid range. If the present value is outside of the valid range (for example, if the Occ Setpoint Select is switched from Setpoint Offset to Min and Max Setpoint), the present value is reset to be in the center of the valid range.

The following table describes the four modes of setpoint operation.

**Table 7: Setpoint operation**

Mode of setpoint operation	Details
Occ Setpoint Select = Setpoint Offset and Heat Cool Setpoint Mode = Individual Setpoints	<p>This is the default mode and the original mode of operation that the TEC was released with (the next three modes are new). In this mode, the TEC has a heating setpoint and a cooling setpoint. There is a common Setpoint Offset (warmer/cooler adjust) that is applied to each setpoint simultaneously. The range of setpoint adjustment is two-fold:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There are large constant ranges bounding the individual heating and cooling setpoints.</li> <li>• There is also a smaller configurable range limit set to the Setpoint Offset point (<b>Control Setup &gt; General &gt; Max Setpoint Offset</b>).</li> </ul>
Occ Setpoint Select = Min and Max Setpoints and Heat Cool Setpoint Mode = Individual Setpoints	<p>In this mode, the TEC has a heating setpoint and a cooling setpoint. Each setpoint has a configurable range (<b>Setpoints &gt; Min Cooling Setpoint, Max Cooling Setpoint, Min Heating Setpoint, and Max Heating Setpoint</b>). The configurable range values are bounded by the larger constant bounds used in Setpoint Offset mode and are constrained in the following manner: Min must be below Max and Heating must be below Cooling, so in order from least to greatest, the values are: Min Heating Setpoint, Max Heating Setpoint, Min Cooling Setpoint, and Max Cooling Setpoint.</p>
Occ Setpoint Select = Setpoint Offset and Heat Cool Setpoint Mode = Common Setpoint	<p>In this mode, the TEC has one setpoint, Common Setpoint, for heating and cooling. There is also a common Setpoint Offset (warmer/cooler adjust) that is only applied to Common Setpoint. Otherwise, this setting works the same as when Occ Setpoint Select = Setpoint Offset and Heat Cool Setpoint Mode = Individual Setpoints.</p>

**Table 7: Setpoint operation**

Mode of setpoint operation	Details
Occ Setpoint Select = Min and Max Setpoints and Heat Cool Setpoint Mode = Common Setpoint	In this mode, the TEC has one setpoint, Common Setpoint, for heating and cooling. There is a configurable range for Common Setpoint, Min Setpoint, and Max Setpoint.

## Configuring occupancy

To adapt to nearly any application, the TEC3000 controller supports a wide variety of occupancy sources, such as:

- Local stand-alone weekly scheduler
- Remote schedule from BAS
- Occupancy sensor (internal or remote)
- Occupancy binary input (configurable)
- Manual occupancy override
- Temporary occupancy (by interacting with the screen while in unoccupied mode)
- Temporary occupancy binary input

Occupancy is determined using a top-down decision matrix as shown in Table 8.

Enumerations may not match *TEC3000 Series Networked and Wireless On/Off or Floating Fan Coil and Individual Zone Thermostat Controllers with Dehumidification Capability Installation Instructions (LIT-12013161)* and *TEC3000 Series Field-Selectable BACnet MS/TP or N2 Networked Thermostat Controllers Technical Bulletin (LIT-12011956)* for NAE releases prior to 7.x.



**Table 8: Occupancy determination**

Sequence of operation (highest to lowest priority)					Status indicated	
Manual Occupancy Mode (OCCOVRD-MODE)	Occupancy BI (BI1-S, BI2-S) <sup>1</sup>	Temporary Occupancy <sup>2,3</sup>	Occupancy Schedule (External or Schedule) (OCC-CONFIG, NET-OCC)	Motion Sensor <sup>4</sup>	Effective Occupancy (EFF-OCC)	Occupancy Source (OCCSOURCE-S)
Occupied	–	–	–	–	Occupied-Override	Occ Override
Unoccupied					Unoccupied-Override	
No Override	Closed <sup>1</sup>	–	–	–	Occupied	Occupancy BI
	Open <sup>1</sup>				Unoccupied	
	Not Configured <sup>1</sup>	True <sup>2</sup>	NOT Occupied	–	Temp Occupancy	Temp Occ
		True <sup>3</sup>	NOT Occupied		Temp Occupancy	Temp Occ BI
		False	Occupied	True	Occupied	Occupancy Sensor
				False	Standby	
				Disabled	Occupied	
				–	Unoccupied	
		Not Set <sup>5</sup>	–	True	Occupied	Occupancy Sensor
				False	Unoccupied	
				Disabled	Occupied	
				–	Standby	Occupancy Schedule

- 1 Not Configured means that neither BI1 Config nor BI2 Config is set to Occupancy BI. Open and Closed refer to the current state of the BI when configured as Occupancy.
- 2 True is triggered by interacting with the screen during a scheduled unoccupied period. A value of True can only occur when the schedule is not Occupied.
- 3 When triggered by a BI configured for Temp Occ, the input is ignored when the schedule is Occupied, the Manual Occupancy Mode is **not** No Override, or an Occupancy BI is configured.
- 4 Built-in occupancy sensing (PIR) or EI configured for Motion NO or Motion NC.
- 5 Not Set occurs when no events are scheduled through the local scheduler, or the schedule source is set to Schedule and the Schedule is writing Not Set as the schedule.

## Selecting schedule source

### Scheduling (for networked models)

#### About this task:

The TEC3000 Thermostat Controller can operate as a stand-alone unit with an internal schedule or scheduled with an external schedule. The OCC-CONFIG object sets the method used for scheduling. If the OCC-CONFIG is set to External, the NET-OCC object is used to control the unit externally. If the OCC-CONFIG is set to Schedule, the internal schedule commands the LOCAL-OCC object, which sets the Occupancy Schedule command.

- ❗ **Note:** If you do not have a schedule in the Schedule object and you have the OCC-CONFIG set to Schedule, you can control the unit with the LOCAL-OCC object externally; however, we do not recommend this method. See Table 9 for scheduling information.

Once the Occupancy Schedule command is set, the effective occupancy is determined by settings shown in the Occupancy Determination table. See Table 8.

**Table 9: BAS objects for scheduling**

OCC-CONFIG	LOCAL-OCC (commanded by internal schedule)	NET-OCC	Occupancy schedule command <sup>1</sup>
External	Any State (Internal Schedule in Control)	Occupied	Occupied
		Unoccupied	Unoccupied
		Standby	Standby
		Not Set	Not Set
Schedule	Occupied	Not Applicable	Occupied
	Unoccupied		Unoccupied
	Standby		Standby
	Not Set		Not Set

<sup>1</sup> The effective occupancy can be affected by other factors listed in Table 8.

### Scheduling (for all models)

The occupancy schedule comes from either the weekly scheduler built into the TEC or as an input from the BAS. The Schedule Source must be selected to tell the controller where to read the occupancy source from. To select the schedule source:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Scheduling**.
3. Press **Schedule Options**.
4. Press **Schedule Source** and select **Schedule** (Local) or **External** (BAS).
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

This option is also exposed to the BAS through the point OCC-CONFIG. If BAS is configured as the occupancy source, map the point NET-OCC in and write to that point to control the schedule remotely. If the supervisor goes offline (as identified by the network icon going away on the home screen of the TEC), the control logic automatically falls back to the local schedule as the occupancy source. If that schedule is not set, the default occupancy is continuously occupied.

## Setting the local schedule

### About this task:

A weekly occupancy schedule with up to four occupancy events for each day can be set locally on the TEC and operate independently of a supervisor. To set the schedule:

1. See [Selecting schedule source](#) to ensure the schedule source is set to Local.
  2. Press the **Menu** icon.
  3. Press **Scheduling**.
  4. Press **Set Schedule**.
  5. Select the days to which the schedule should apply. Note that if events are already set for the selected days, they appear in the corresponding event box. If any events conflict between selected days, an asterisk appears in the event box. See Figure 24.
  6. Select the Occupancy Status icon for the event. See Figure 25.
- **Important:** Internally, the TEC3000 uses a BACnet schedule where daily schedules are independent of the previous and next days. The default occupancy of the TEC3000 from the factory is set to Occupied. As a result, a daily event at 12:00 AM must be scheduled if you do not want the controller to transition to Occupied Mode at midnight.

Figure 24: Selecting the days

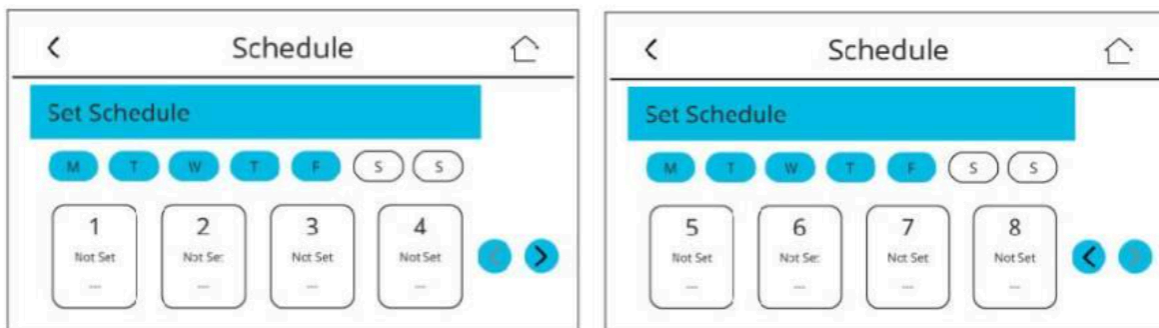
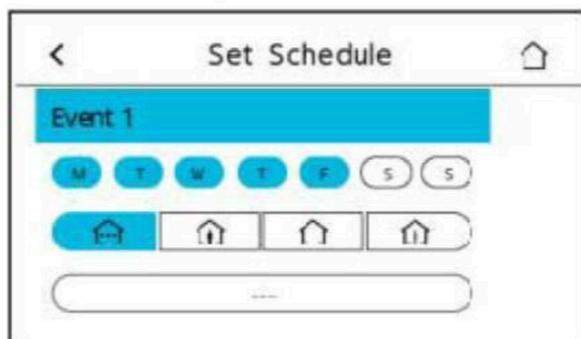
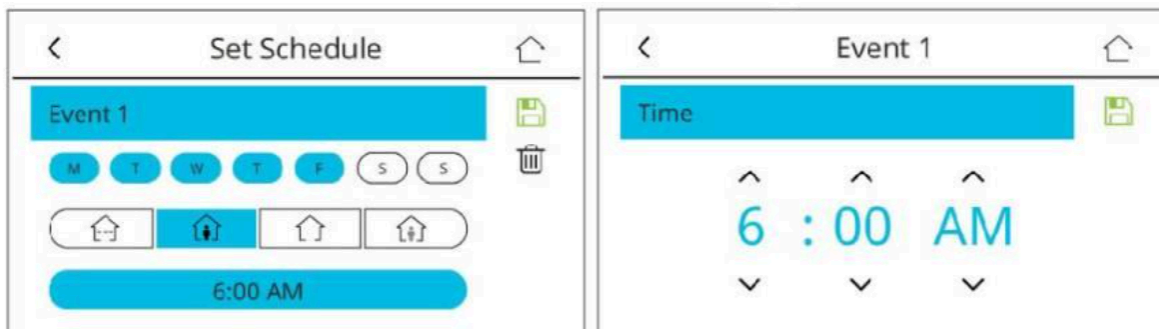


Figure 25: Setting the room occupancy mode



7. Select the **Time Set** button. See Figure 26.
8. Set the time to the time at which the event will occur and press **Save**. The screen resets to the **Event Set Schedule** screen.

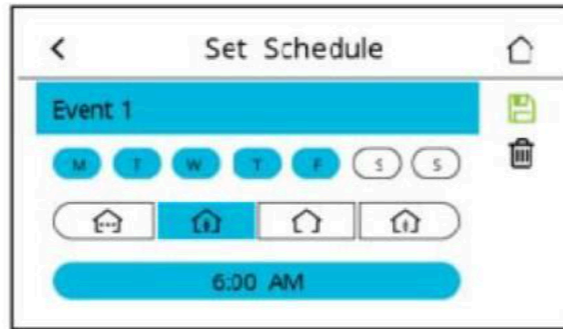
Figure 26: Selecting the time set button (left) and setting the event time (right)



9. Press **Save** to save the completed event or **Trash** to delete the completed event. See Figure 27. The screen resets to the **Event 1 Set Schedule** screen.
- ① **Note:** If you do not select **Save** at this point, the event is not saved and you must repeat the event selection sequence.

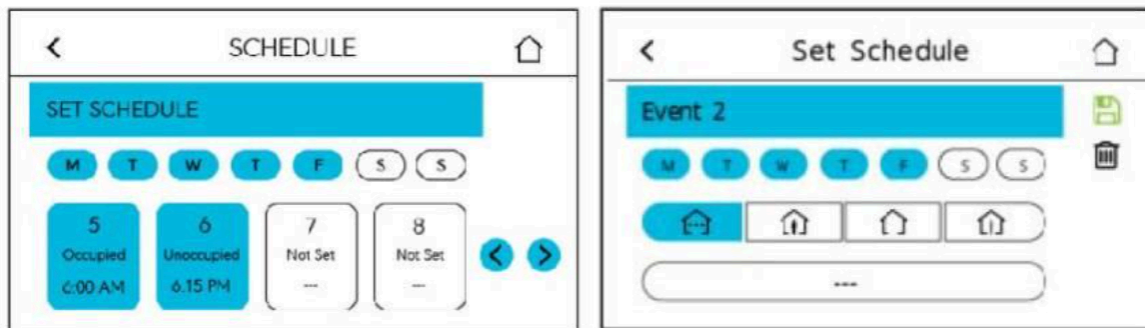


Figure 27: Saving the event



10. Select **Event 2**. See Figure 28. The screen resets to the **Event 2 Set Schedule** screen. The days are preselected to match Event 1.
11. Select the **Occupancy Status** button for Event 2.

Figure 28: Selecting event 2 (left) and setting the occupancy status (right)



12. Select the **Time Set** button.
13. Set the time for Event 2 and press **Save**.
14. Press the back arrow to return to the **Scheduling** screen.

## Overriding the Occupancy mode

### About this task:

The TEC supports a manual override of all other schedule sources (for example, Schedule, Occupancy BI, and temporary occupancy). To override the Occupancy Mode:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Scheduling**
3. Press **Schedule Options**.
4. Press **Manual Occ Mode** and select **Occupied**, **Unoccupied**, or **No Override**.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

This option is also exposed to the BAS through the point OCCOVRD-MODE.

## Enabling optimal start

### About this task:

The TEC supports an advanced optimal start algorithm. The algorithm works in conjunction with a local schedule to pre-heat or pre-cool the zone before scheduled occupancy periods begin, in order

to bring the zone to the desired occupied setpoint when the scheduled occupancy period begins. Occupant comfort is ensured while automatically minimizing energy usage. This algorithm creates a model of the zone being controlled and automatically determines when to start the equipment before the scheduled transition to Occupied. The start time automatically adjusts daily to minimize the time between reaching setpoint and entering Occupied state.

① **Note:** Optimal Start does not work when the schedule source is set to External.

To enable this feature:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Scheduling**.
3. Press **Schedule Options**.
4. Press **Optimal Start Enable** and select **Yes**.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## Enabling the motion sensor (TEC3x12, TEC3x13 Models)

### About this task:

By default on models with integral motion sensing capability, the motion sensor is enabled with a default timeout of 15 minutes from the last detection of motion in the zone. On models without an integrated sensor, the default timeout is still 15 minutes, but it only is applied when one of the two configurable binary inputs is set to be a motion sensor (see [Configurable binary inputs](#) for information on configuring the binary inputs). To disable motion sensing capabilities, set the Motion Sensor Timeout to 0 minutes. See Table 8 to view the available setpoints. See Table 13 to view the setpoint values. To adjust the motion sensor timeout:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Scheduling**.
3. Press **Schedule Options**.
4. Press **Motion Sensor Timeout** and adjust accordingly.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

## PID/PRAC+ automatic control tuning

### About this task:

The TEC3000 features advanced proportional-integral-derivative (PID) control algorithms to maximize control performance while minimizing excessive cycling and wear on the equipment. PID is used in conjunction with a Multi-Stage Controller (MSC) for all occupied and standby control. Additionally, the PID features Johnson Controls proprietary PRAC+ (Pattern Recognition Adaptive Control) automatic tuning, which continuously tunes the controller parameters to automatically optimize the control performance to match the equipment and zone. By default, PRAC+ is enabled and immediately begins to tune. To reset tuning at any time to the factory defaults:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **General Control Setup**.
4. Press **Tuning**.
5. Press **Reset PID Tuning** and select **Yes**.
6. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

PRAC+ automatic tuning can also be disabled. When disabled, the controller parameters remain at their last values until automatic tuning is re-enabled. To disable automatic tuning:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **General Control Setup**.
4. Press **Tuning**.
5. Press **Temp Control Setup**.
6. Select **Manual PID Tuning** (or any option listed in Table 10).
7. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

As a result of disabling PRAC+ Automatic Tuning, you have access to different types of manual tuning that allows modifications of tuning parameters listed under **Control Setup > General** in Table 13.

**Table 10: TEC3000 tuning types**

Tuning type	Description
Automatic PID tuning	Automatic tuning in an existing TEC3000
Deadband override	When the Heating/Cooling Type = On-Off, deadband control is decoupled from PRAC+ Automatic Tuning and Min On Off Equipment Setting.  When the Heating/Cooling Type = Floating, there is no deadband in use with floating devices. This operates the same as Automatic PID Tuning.
Manual PID tuning	Manual tuning of Heating and Cooling PIDs. The manual tuning parameters are listed under <b>Setup &gt; General Control Setup &gt; Tuning</b> in Table 13.
On/off control (for TEC3x1x and TEC3x3x models)	Binary control

❶ **Note:** For more details on PID/PRAC+ Automatic Control Tuning, refer to the *Controller Tool Help* (LIT-12011147).

## Configurable binary inputs

The thermostat controller supports up to two configurable binary inputs (BIs) that you can use to add additional features to the system. You can access Configurable Binary Inputs through **Setup > Inputs**. Both BIs can be configured to support the following options:

- **Disabled**—Sets the binary input to an unused state. When disabled, you can use the binary input for monitoring-only without affecting the thermostat functionality.
- **Open Window**—Sensor to shut down control if a window is opened. The controller disables control 60 seconds after detecting an opened window.
- **Open Door**—Works in conjunction with the Motion NO/Motion NC sensor to control occupancy
- **Fan Lock**—Air Proof switch input to shut down control if no airflow is detected within 10 seconds of turning the fan on. Fan Lock must be manually reset from the Faults menu.
- **Service**—Input from the equipment to display a service warning on the thermostat
- **Dirty Filter**—Input from the equipment to display a dirty filter fault on the thermostat



- Motion NC—External motion sensor with a closed contact output when no motion is detected
- Motion NO—External motion sensor with an open contact output when no motion is detected
- Temp Occ—Trigger to place controller into Temporary Occupancy mode
- Occupancy—Direct override of Occupied and Unoccupied
- Supply Fan Status—Input from the equipment to display a Supply Fan Fault. When Fan Alarm Action is set to Shutdown and the Supply Fan Fault is active, the TEC3000 disables the fan, heating, and cooling. When the Fan Alarm Action is set to Enable and the Supply Fan Fault is active, the TEC3000 allows the fan, heating, and cooling to operate during the Supply Fan Fault.

Setting both BIs to the same function is supported for all except Occupancy, Fan Lock, Open Door, and Open Window. If both BIs are set the same for those four, BI2 is ignored and only BI1 is used.

The Open Door option works in conjunction with a motion sensor, either built into the TEC or connected to another BI configured for Motion NO/NC mode. When the door is open, motion detected by the sensor is ignored. Note that opening the door does not stop an Occupied period started by the motion sensor prior to opening the door.

The following table provides the polarity of the inputs.

**Table 11: Input polarities**

BI configuration	Contact open	Contact closed
Occupancy	Unoccupied	Occupied
Temp Occ	No Trigger Active	Temporary Occupancy Trigger <sup>1</sup>
Motion NO	No Motion Detected, Standby	Motion Detected, Occupied <sup>1</sup>
Motion NC	Motion Detected, Occupied <sup>1</sup>	No Motion Detected, Standby
Dirty Filter	Dirty Filter Alarm Inactive	Dirty Filter Alarm <sup>1</sup>
Service	Service Alarm Inactive	Service Alarm <sup>1</sup>
Fan Lock	No Airflow	Airflow
Open Door	Door Open, Unoccupied	Door Closed, Occupied
Open Window	Window Open, Control Shut Down	Window Closed, Control Running
Supply Fan Status	Supply Fan Off	Supply Fan On

<sup>1</sup> Configurations that support both BIs configured for the same feature of the action that occurs when either of the BIs enter that state.

## Aux control

### About this task:

The TEC has an auxiliary output that can be configured to operate in a few different ways. The Aux Mode supports the following options:

- Not Used—Output is always off
- Occupied NO—Output is normally open, but closes when occupied
- Occupied NC—Output is normally closed, but opens when occupied
- Occupied Fan NO—Output is normally open, but is closed when occupied with the fan running
- Occupied Fan NC—Output is normally closed, but is open when occupied with the fan running



- On—Output is turned on (relay closed), used by a BAS to directly control the AUX output
- Off—Output is turned off (relay open), used by a BAS to directly control the AUX output

To set the Aux Mode:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Press **General Control Setup**.
4. Press **Aux Mode** and set accordingly.
5. Press **Save** and the back arrow to return to the previous screen.

This option is also exposed to the BAS through the point AUX-MODE.

When the Reheat installed parameter is set to True, the Aux output is used for Reheat Output. The setting for the Aux Mode is ignored when reheat is enabled.

## Commissioning mode

### About this task:

The thermostat controller has a built-in commissioning mode, which is designed to allow you to quickly test equipment wiring and functionality. Commissioning mode temporarily disables the control logic, and allows you to manually command any individual output. Commissioning is designed to be the last step of the installation process after configuring the controller for the equipment being controlled, and the available options in commissioning mode are dependent on the controller configuration. To enter commissioning mode:

1. Press the **Menu** icon.
2. Press **Setup**.
3. Select **Commissioning**.
4. Confirm that the selection was intentional. (The control is overridden upon selecting **Confirm**).

Individual outputs can be commanded through this interface. For binary outputs, the options are Off or On; for analog outputs, they can be commanded from 0 to 100%. Whenever a control output is turned on, the fan is engaged for safety purposes. To command an output from the Commissioning menu:

1. Select the output to command. Adjust the value to the desired output and press **Save**. The output immediately changes to that value.
2. Restore the value to the original setting and press **Save** once again to complete testing that output.

Pressing the back icon from the main commissioning menu or allowing the menu system to time out and return to the home screen ends commissioning and puts the control logic back in control of the outputs.

## Configurable analog inputs (AIs)

The thermostat controller supports up to three configurable AIs that can be used to add different features to the system. The configuration menu can be accessed through **Setup > Input Setup**. All AIs can be configured to support the following options:

- Relative Humidity—Sets up the AI to accept a 0-10 VDC input when connected to a humidity sensor.

- Remote Zone Temperature—Sets up the AI to accept a resistive input when connected to one of the six supported types of temperature sensors.
- Carbon Dioxide—Sets up the AI to accept a 0-10 VDC input when connected to a CO<sub>2</sub> sensor.
- Damper Feedback—Sets up the AI to accept a 0-10 VDC input when connected.
- Outdoor Air Temperature—Sets up the AI to accept a resistive input when connected to one of the six supported types of temperature sensors.
- Supply Air Temperature—Sets up the AI to accept a resistive input when connected to one of the six supported types of temperature sensors.

## Configuring the AIs

1. Connect the required sensors to the analog inputs.
2. Press the **Menu** icon.
3. Press **Setup**.
4. Press **Input Setup**.
5. Press **AI1 Input Selection** and select the sensor that is connected to RSEN. If the selected sensor is a Remote Zone Temperature, Outdoor Air Temperature, or Supply Air Temperature sensor, the thermostat restarts.
6. Do one of the following after the restart based on the type of sensor you are configuring:
  - If the selected sensor is a temperature sensor, do the following:
    - i. Press **Menu > Setup > Input Setup > AI1 Input Setup** and select the temperature sensor that is connected to RSEN.
    - ii. Press **Menu > Setup > Input Setup > AI1 Offset** and select the temperature offset as needed for the sensor connected to RSEN. The options are -5°F to 5°F or -2.8°C to 2.8°C.
  - If the selected sensor is a Relative Humidity, Carbon Dioxide, or Damper feedback sensor, the Input Setup is automatically set to 0-10 VDC. Press **Menu > Setup > Input Setup > AI1 Offset** and select the offset needed for the sensor connected to RSEN. The options are -15% to 15% for Relative Humidity, -200 ppm to 200 ppm for Carbon Dioxide, and -15% to 15% for Damper Feedback.
7. Configure the analog inputs RSEN and COS by following the same steps to set up AI1 Input Selection, AI1 Input Setup, AI1 Offset, AI2 Input Selection, AI2 Setup, and AI2 Offset.
8. Complete steps 1 -7 to re-configure the respective AI if you have to change the sensor connected to any of the AIs. When the setup of AI1 Input Selection and AI2 Input Selection changes from resistive type (Remote Zone Temperature and Outdoor Air Temperature) to 0-10 VDC type (Relative Humidity and Carbon Dioxide) or vice-versa, the thermostat restarts.

## Networked sensors

The TEC3000 supports sensor values supplied over a network connection. For the TEC3000 to consider the value as reliable, the value must be written to the NET- Override network point at least every 15 minutes. The following table provides a list of point descriptions and the suggested write interval ranges.



**Table 12: Point descriptions and suggested write interval ranges**

Name	Description	Suggested write interval range
NET-OAT	Network Override Outdoor Air Temperature	15 minutes at maximum
NET-OAH	Network Override Outdoor Air Humidity	15 minutes at maximum
NET-SAT	Network Override Supply Air Temperature	30 seconds to 2 minutes
NET-ZNH	Network Override Zone Humidity	5 minutes to 15 minutes at maximum
NET-ZNT	Network Override Zone Temperature	15 seconds to 2 minutes
NET-OCC	Network Override Zone Occupancy	15 minutes at maximum

## Availability of AIs

For TEC3x1x-1x-xxxx models, only the RSEN and COS inputs are available for connection.

## Priority for configurable AIs

You cannot set any two AIs to the same function or sensor type for any of the inputs. If two or more AIs are configured as the same, the first configured input is used and the others are ignored. For example, if RSEN and COS are both configured as Relative Humidity, only RSEN is used and COS is ignored.

## Priority for overall sensors data sources

The TEC3000 supports various sources of sensor data for use in control or display, including internal sensors, remote sensors (connected using an analog input), or network commanded sensors. The TEC uses the highest priority connected input (network commands followed by remote sensors and then internal sensors) for control and display. Not all sources are available for all sensors.

Network commands operate on a timeout basis. When a network point is written to by a supervisor, the point becomes the highest priority for 15 minutes. If a new update is written within 15 minutes, the timer is restarted for another 15 minutes.

## Available fault diagnostics

- **Supply Fan Faults**—The TEC3000 supports a configurable Supply Fan Status feedback input that turns on when the Supply Fan Status does not match the Supply Fan Command, and can be configured to disable heating, cooling, and fan commands. The alarm delay is adjustable through the Fan Alarm delay setting. If the delay is set to 0 or the binary input is not defined, this feature becomes disabled.
- **Supply Fan Runtime**—The TEC3000 supports setting runtime limits on the supply fan command. When the limit is exceeded, an alarm turns on. This feature is intended to be used as a maintenance reminder. Setting the runtime limit to 0 disables this feature.
- **Supply Air Temperature Diagnostics**—The TEC3000 supports diagnostics when you installed a Supply Air Temperature. The TEC3000 monitors the supply air. If you call for cooling or heating and the temperature does not fall or rise by at least the supply air temperature alarm offset value within the supply air temperature alarm delay, an alarm is generated. If the monitoring occurs while cooling, a cooling ineffective alarm is generated. If the monitoring occurs while heating, a heating ineffective alarm is generated. If you set the supply air temperature offset value set to 0, this alarm is disabled.

- **Zone Temperature Alarm**—When enabled, the user can set a low and high temperature alarm; and if the zone temperature rises or falls below those limits, an alarm is generated.
- **Trends**—Built-in trends exist for many of the inputs and outputs for the TEC3000. These trends are viewable at the TEC. The analog graph displays data in 15-minute increments over the previous 24 hours or a table with the last 25 data points. Binary trends display 25 samples taken at every change of state.

## Menus and submenus

In the following table, the \* indicates that the menus depend on your configuration.

**Table 13: Menus and submenus**

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Setpoints	Occupied Cooling
	Occupied Heating
	Unoccupied Cooling
	Unoccupied Heating
	Standby Cooling
	Standby Heating
	Dehumidification*
	Occ Setpoint Select
	Heat Cool Setpoint Mode
	Max Heating Setpoint*
	Min Heating Setpoint*
	Max Cooling Setpoint*
	Min Cooling Setpoint*
	Max Setpoint*
	Min Setpoint*
Scheduling	<b><i>Schedule Options</i></b>
	Set Schedule
	Optimal Start Enable
	Temp Occ Duration
	Motion Sensor Timeout
	Manual Occupancy Mode
	Schedule Source

**Table 13: Menus and submenus**

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Display Settings	Passcode Enabled
	Passcode*
	Brightness Setting
	Enable Backlight Timeout
	Units
	Time
	Time Zone
	Set Time Format
	Date
	Set Date Format
	Language
	Show Fan Button on Home
	Show Temp on Home
	Show Humidity on Home
	Show Off Button on Home
	Show Hold Button
	Show Setpoint on Home
	Show Alarms on Home
	Show Occ Status
	Show Unit Status
	Show Date/Time

Table 13: Menus and submenus

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Setup	<b>General Control Setup</b>
	Control Mode
	Unit Enable
	Fan Mode*
	Max Setpoint Offset
	Fan On Delay*
	Fan Off Delay*
	Frost Protection
	Dehum Enable* (for TEC3x1x and TEC3x2x models)
	Aux Mode
	Load Shed Rate Limit
	Load Shed Adjust
	Fan Alarm Delay
	Fan Alarm Action*
	Fan Alarm Reset*
	Fan Runtime Limit
	Fan Runtime Reset*
	Supply Air Temperature Alarm Offset
	Supply Air Temperature Alarm Delay*
	Unocc Low Speed Fan
	<b>Inputs</b>
	BI1 Config
	BI2 Config
	Supply Temp Type*
	Supply Temp Sensor*
	Supply Temp Offset*
	Zone Temp Sensor
	Zone Temp Offset
	Humidity Offset
	Reset Sensors
	Zone Temp Alarm Enabled (for TEC networked models)
	Zone Temp Low Limit (for TEC networked models)
	Zone Temp High Limit (for TEC networked models)

**Table 13: Menus and submenus**

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Setup (continued)	<b><i>Tuning</i></b>
	Temp Control Setup
	Reset PID Tuning
	Deadband*
	Auto Economizer Tuning
	Heat Prop Band*
	Heat Integral Time*
	Heat Process Range*
	Heat Saturation Time*
	Heat Time Constant*
	Heat Process Dead Time*
	Heat Period*
	Cool Prop Band*
	Cool Integral Time*
	Cool Process Range*
	Cool Saturation Time*
	Cool Time Constant*
	Cool Process Dead Time*
	Cool Period*
	Equipment Size
	<b><i>Network Setup</i></b>
	FC Comm Mode
	BACnet Instance ID*
	N2 Address* (for networked models)
	BACnet Address*
	MSTP Baud Rate* (for networked models)
	BACnet Encoding Type
	BACnet/MSTP Communication Mode
	Pan ID (for wireless models)



**Table 13: Menus and submenus**

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Equipment Setup	<b>General</b>
	Unit Type
	Htg/Clg Device Type*
	Actuator Stroke Time*
	Cooling Min On Time*
	Cooling Min Off Time*
	Heating Min On Time*
	Heating Min Off Time*
	Unoccupied Off Delay
	Reheat Min On Time*
	Reheat Min Off Time*
	<b>Supply Fan</b>
	Supply Fan Type*
	Start Voltage*
	Full Speed Voltage*
	Minimum Command*
	Medium Speed On Cmd*
	High Speed On Cmd*
	<b>Reheat</b>
	Reheat Installed
	Reheat Min Damper Pos*
	Reheat Fan Required*
	<b>Changeover</b>
	Changeover Mode*
	Supply Temp Type*
	Changeover Setpoint*
	Supply Temp Sensor*
	Supply Temp Offset*



**Table 13: Menus and submenus**

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Trend	EFF-ZNT
	EFF-SETPOINT
	EFF-ZNH
	B1 Status
	B2 Status
	EFF-OAT
	EFF-SAT
	FANSPD-S
	CLG1-C
	CLG2-C
	HTG1-C
	HTG2-C
	OAD-O
	HTG-O
	CLG-O
System Status	Occupancy Source
	Unit Status
	Supply Air Temperature
	Changeover State
	Zone Temp Source
Control Status	Cooling % Command
	Heating % Command
	Reheat % Command
	Cool Stage 1
	Heat Stage 1
	Reheat Stage 1
	Fan % Command
	Fan
Controller Info	Model Name
	Software Version
	Unit Name
	Device Name
	Device Description
Commissioning	Supply Air Temperature
	Heat Command
	Cool Command
	Supply Fan
	Aux

**Table 13: Menus and submenus**

Level 1	Level 2 (LCD screen name)
Update	View Version
	Load Firmware
	Restore*
	Backup*
Network Status (For Wireless Models)	Radio Code Version
	Radio PAN ID
	Active Channel
	Signal Strength
	Connection Status
	Network State
	IEEE Address
	Short Address

**Table 14: TE-6300 Series Temperature Sensors (order separately) (for wireless TEC Models)**

Sensor type	Mounting style	Probe length	Product code number
Nickel (1k ohm)	Adjustable <sup>1</sup>	8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6311A-1
	Averaging	8 ft (2.4 m)	TE-6315M-1
			TE-6315V-2 <sup>1</sup>
		17 ft (5.2 m)	TE-6316M-1
	Duct		TE-6316V-2 <sup>1</sup>
		4 in. (102 mm)	TE-631GM-1
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6311M-1
			TE-6311P-1
		18 in. (457 mm)	TE-631JM-1
	Flange	4 in. (102 mm)	TE-631GV-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6311V-2
	Flush	N/A	TE-6310F-0
			TE-6310F-1
	Outside air	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-6313P-1
	Strap-mount	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-631S-1
	Wall <sup>2</sup>	N/A	TE-6314P-1
	Well	6 in. (152 mm)	TE-631AM-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6312M-1

**Table 14: TE-6300 Series Temperature Sensors (order separately) (for wireless TEC Models)**

Sensor type	Mounting style	Probe length	Product code number
Platinum (1k ohm)	Adjustable	8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6351-A
	Duct	4 in. (102 mm)	TE-635GM-1
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6351M-1
			TE-6351P-1
		18 in. (457 mm)	TE-635JM-1
	Flange	4 in. (102 mm)	TE-635GV-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6351V-2
	Flush	N/A	TE-6350F-0
			TE-6350F-1
	Strap-mount	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-635S-1
	Outside air	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-6353P-1
	Wall <sup>2</sup>	N/A	TE-6324P-1
	Well	6 in. (152 mm)	TE-635AM-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6352M-1
Platinum equivalent	1k ohm averaging <sup>1</sup>	10 ft (3 m)	TE-6327P-1
		20 ft (6.1 m)	TE-6328P-1
	100 ohm averaging <sup>1</sup>	10 ft (3 m)	TE-6337P-1
		20 ft (6.1 m)	TE-6338P-1
Thermistor (2.2k ohm)	Adjustable	8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6341A-1
	Duct	8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6341P-1
	Flange	4 in. (102 mm)	TE-634GV-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6341V-2
	Outside air	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-6343P-1
	Wall <sup>2</sup>	N/A	TE-6344P-1
	Well	8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6342M-1
		6 in. (152 mm)	TE-634AM-2

**Table 14: TE-6300 Series Temperature Sensors (order separately) (for wireless TEC Models)**

Sensor type	Mounting style	Probe length	Product code number
Thermistor (10k ohm) Type II	Adjustable	8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6361A-1
	Duct	4 in. (102 mm)	TE-636GM-1
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6361M-1
			TE-6361P-1
		18 in. (457 mm)	TE-636JM-1
	Flange	4 in. (102 mm)	TE-636GV-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6361V-2
	Flush	N/A	TE-6360F-0
			TE-6360F-1
	Outside air	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-6363P-1
	Strap-mount	3 in. (76 mm)	TE-636S-1
	Well	6 in. (152 mm)	TE-636AM-2
		8 in. (203 mm)	TE-6362M-1

1 Two TE-6001-8 Element Holders come with the platinum-equivalent averaging sensors. Order separately to use with a nickel averaging sensor.

2 Order the TE-1800-9600 Mounting Hardware separately to mount the wall unit to a wallbox.

## Troubleshooting

**Table 15: Fault list**

Faults	Probable causes	Solutions
Remote Zone Temp Fail	The External Zone Temperature sensor has been disconnected or has failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring of the sensor.</li> <li>2. If intentionally disconnected, reset sensors through the menu.</li> <li>3. If the problem persists, order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Supply Temp Fail	The External Supply Temperature sensor has been disconnected or has failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring of the sensor.</li> <li>2. If intentionally disconnected, result fault by entering the menu, enter Control Setup, and select Inputs to reset the sensors.</li> <li>3. If the problem persists, order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>

**Table 15: Fault list**

<b>Faults</b>	<b>Probable causes</b>	<b>Solutions</b>
Outdoor Temp Fail (For TEC3x3x Models)	The External Outdoor Air Temperature sensor has been disconnected or has failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring of sensor.</li> <li>2. If intentionally disconnected, reset sensors through the menu.</li> <li>3. If problems persist, order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Internal Sensor Fail	An internal sensor has failed on the TEC.	Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.
Dehum Unavailable	Dehumidification is unavailable because the zone humidity sensor has failed or the humidity reading is not reliable.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the source of zone humidity was a BAS, check the BAS to ensure that it is still online and is providing the TEC with the humidity reading. If removal of the BAS mapping was intentional, reset the sensors through the menu.</li> <li>2. (For all models) If the problem persists, order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Service	Equipment connected to the BI configured for a Service alarm is triggering the alarm.	Service the equipment by way of the manufacturer's recommendation.
Dirty Filter	Equipment connected to the BI configured for a Dirty Filter alarm is triggering the alarm.	Replace the filter in the equipment as explained in the manufacturer's instructions.
Calibration Corrupt	Factory calibration data is lost or is not installed.	Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.
Changeover Fail	The Supply Temperature Sensor is not installed, has failed, or has been disconnected and the TEC can no longer detect changeover mode to cool or heat.	Follow the same steps as Supply Temp Fail alarm.
Zone Temp Unreliable	All sources of zone temperature are unreliable, including the onboard sensor.	Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.



**Table 15: Fault list**

Faults	Probable causes	Solutions
Open Window	The switch connected to the BI configured for Open Window is sensing that the window is opened, and control has shut down.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Close the window to resume control.</li> <li>2. Check sensor functionality with an ohmmeter, and verify the wiring to the TEC.</li> <li>3. Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Fan Lock	The switch connected to the BI configured for Fan Lock did not sense airflow within 10 seconds of starting the fan, and control has been shut down.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Inspect equipment to ensure fan functions.</li> <li>2. Check sensor functionality with an ohmmeter, and verify wiring to the TEC.</li> <li>3. Reset fault by entering the menu, selecting Fault Status, and selecting the Fan Lock.</li> <li>4. Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Humidity Unreliable	The zone humidity reading was reliable and has now failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the source of zone humidity was the onboard sensor, contact Johnson Controls product sales and support.</li> <li>2. If the source of zone humidity was a BAS, check the BAS to ensure that it is still online and providing the TEC with the humidity reading. If removal of the BAS mapping was intentional, reset sensors through the menu.</li> </ol>
Controller Fault	The controller has detected an internal fault that it cannot recover.	Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.
	An unknown error has prevented the controller from turning on.	Order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.

**Table 15: Fault list**

Faults	Probable causes	Solutions
Touchscreen Unavailable	The touchscreen components failed to initialize.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reboot the controller.</li> <li>2. If problems persist, order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Board Mismatch	The baseboard and CPU board are paired incorrectly. An error message appears on the TEC indicating the model number of the baseboard and CPU board.	Match the baseboard to its corresponding CPU board. See Figure 6 and Table 3 for information to ensure that you paired the CPU board and base board correctly.
Firmware Mismatch	The previous upgrade has not completed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Upgrade the TEC3000 to the latest released version.</li> <li>2. Upgrade the TEC3000 to the current version again.</li> </ol>
	The previous downgrade has not completed because the previous version is no longer supported.	Reboot the TEC3000 to clear the fault.
USB Malfunction	A USB drive has malfunctioned and drawn more than the maximum allowed current.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Attempt to insert and use the USB drive again.</li> <li>2. Try a new USB drive.</li> <li>3. If problems persist, order replacement units and return the affected devices to Johnson Controls under the RMA program.</li> </ol>
Supply Fan Runtime Limit Extended	The Supply Fan Runtime has exceeded the configured Supply Fan Runtime Limit.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Service the Supply Fan.</li> <li>2. Reset the Supply Fan runtime.</li> </ol>
Heating Ineffective	The Supply Air Temperature has not increased above the configured Supply Air Temperature Alarm Offset while heating has been active for at least the Supply Air Temperature Alarm Delay.	Verify that the heating elements on the rooftop are functioning properly.
Cooling Ineffective	The Supply Air Temperature has not decreased below the configured Supply Air Temperature Alarm Offset while cooling has been active for at least the Supply Air Temperature Alarm Delay.	Verify that the cooling elements on the rooftop are functioning properly.

**Table 15: Fault list**

Faults	Probable causes	Solutions
Supply Fan Fault	The Supply Fan Status configured for either BI1 or BI2 has not proved within the configured Fan Alarm Delay.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the Supply Fan is operating when turned on.</li> <li>2. Verify that the Supply Fan Status wiring is connected correctly.</li> </ol>
Zone Temperature Too Cold	The Zone Temperature has decreased below the configured Zone Temp Low Limit.	Verify that the TEC and the RTU heating are enabled and functioning.
Zone Temperature Too Hot	The Zone Temperature has increased above the configured Zone Temp High Limit.	Verify that the TEC and the RTU cooling are enabled and functioning.

**Table 16: Troubleshooting details**

Symptom	Probable causes	Solutions
The controller displays <code>Idle</code> with a <code>Unit Status</code> of <code>Cooling Unavailable</code> due to <code>Changeover</code> despite being above cooling setpoint, or with a status of <code>Heating Unavailable</code> due to <code>Changeover</code> despite being below the setpoint.	The two-pipe fan coil/VAV system does not have a changeover sensor and switch connected, or the sensor/switch has failed.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check the wiring of the supply temperature sensor/switch.</li> <li>2. Verify that the changeover is set up correctly for the type of sensor attached (sensor or switch).</li> </ol>
	The changeover temperature is sensing a hot supply, but the controller is requesting cooling.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the supply is not in heating mode. If it is, nothing can be done from the TEC.</li> <li>2. Check the wiring of the supply temperature sensor or switch.</li> <li>3. Check the placement of the supply temperature sensor or switch.</li> <li>4. Verify that the changeover is set up correctly for the type of sensor attached (sensor or switch).</li> </ol>
	Changeover temperature is sensing a cold supply, but the controller is requesting heating.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that the supply is not in cooling mode. If it is, nothing can be done from the TEC.</li> <li>2. Check the wiring of the supply temperature sensor or switch.</li> <li>3. Check the placement of supply temperature sensor or switch.</li> <li>4. Verify that the changeover is set up correctly for the type of sensor attached (sensor or switch).</li> </ol>



**Table 16: Troubleshooting details**

Symptom	Probable causes	Solutions
The controller displays <b>Idle</b> with a <b>Unit Status</b> of <b>Cooling Unavailable</b> due to <b>Control Mode</b> despite being above cooling setpoint, or with a status of <b>Heating Unavailable</b> due to <b>Control Mode</b> despite being below the setpoint.	The Control Mode is set to Cooling Mode, but the controller is requesting heating.	Change the Control Mode to Auto or Heating.
	The Control Mode is set to Heating Mode, but the controller is requesting cooling.	Change the Control Mode to Auto or Cooling.
The staged equipment shuts off above the cooling setpoint or below the heating setpoint when the PID is running on the TEC. If the unit is in On/Off Control mode, this does not apply.	The PID control algorithm minimizes overshoot and energy usage for the particular equipment and zone, and may cycle the equipment prior to reaching setpoint.	Expected behavior.
The staged equipment cycles too rapidly or too slowly when the PID is running on the TEC.	The control band around the setpoint is determined by the minimum on/off times and is set incorrectly for the equipment, zone, or user preference. There is a tradeoff between reduced control band size and increased energy usage and equipment wear from increased cycling.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Verify that equipment minimum on/off times are set correctly.</li> <li>2. If the default deadband around the setpoint does not provide the desired temperature control, set Temp Control Setup to Deadband Override and set the Deadband parameter to the desired value.</li> </ol>
The controller provides an error when trying to upgrade firmware.	The firmware on the USB drive is below the minimum required version. Error code 1025.	<p>Please use firmware version 3.0.2.xxxx (for networked models) or 2.0.2.xxxx (for wireless models) or higher.</p> <p>A reboot is required to clear the Firmware Mismatch fault that occurs.</p>
The TEC3000 zone temperature does not change fast enough compared to the measured zone temperature from a verification device (a calibrated sensor).	The TEC3000 is configured by default for larger spaces with normal-sized equipment when a proportional device is active.	Select <b>Control Setup &gt; Tuning &gt; Equipment Size &gt; Oversized</b> .
The zone space temperature increases or decreases too much when the unit is active in unoccupied mode.	The heating and cooling equipment are too big for the unoccupied space.	Decrease the Unoccupied Off Delay parameter from 10 minutes to a more appropriate time for the equipment configuration.













